HIS SYNDICATE MAY SECURE MORE BONDS AT 110.6877.

All the Defaults, Which May Amoun to Several Million Dollars, Likely to Go to the New York Banker.

FAIRY TALES ABOUT BIDS

GERMAN RESTRICTIONS ON AMER-ICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Official Correspondence on the Subject -The Credit Mobilier and the Pacific Railways Inquiry,

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17 .- The question of what disposition shall be made of the bonds on which the allottees have defaulted by failing to make the required payment of 20 per cent, on receipt of notice of the acceptance of their bids is now before the Secretary of the Treasury. The amount of these defaults has not yet been ascertained, nor is it expected that the exact amount will be learned before the middle and possibly the last of the week, when the reexpected to be in. It is believed, however, that the bid of William Graves and his associates of New York city for \$4,500,000 at 115,3391 is by far the largest, and it is probable that the aggregate will not exceed this amount by more than \$1,000,000 at the most. Mr. J. P. Morgan has filed with Secretary Carlisle a claim on behalf of imself and associates to all defaulted allotments under his bld of 110.6877, and has deposited in the subtreasury at New York | the sufficient gold to cover them. The Secretary, within the last day or two, has been made at figures considerably in excess nclined to the opinion that under the likely to get an amount considerably in retary, however, has not made an official decision on this point, and does not expect to do so before to-morrow.

The report that many people bid for not confirmed here. It is known that seving day, and it is possible some were overlooked. A fairy tale about a New York office boy who sent in a bid written on paper used by his firm, and that he disposed of his allotment at a gain of \$10,000 is probably the work of an imaginative re-So may be the following story from Boston: "Abraham White, the Boston man who has gained wealth and notoriety by his bid of \$5,000,000 of government bonds is a coming financier. On an investment o option on \$1,500,000 of bonds, and at the market price to-day the deal stands hi 300,000 profit, or 204.054.45 per cent. on his capital. Mrs. White, however, eclipsed her expenditure of 2 cents on postage, she secured an option on \$500,000 of bonds, repprice, or 1,000,000 per cent. on her invest-1,000,000 per cent, on an investment, and they have reason to know are as shrewe as the ablest financiers, and who know a trick or two that's worth all they have as stock in trade. It is a singular fact that White and his wife, though without a cent. or any security to put up other than their option on the bonds for which they bid, are to-day worried by offers of millions of dol- tions are permitted to extend their operalars worth of gold by the most conservabankers and the wealthiest financiers. swer to the poet's offer, 'Declined with

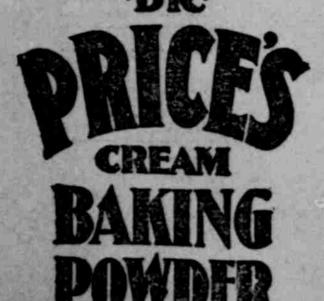
"At first some of the financiers expressed surprise that the government should ow White and his wife to bid at all, and they were more than astonished that they ald get an option on \$1,500,000 and \$500,000 f bonds, respectively. Some of these gen emen were so angered that they wrote retary Carlisle that White was a young and reckless adventurer and couldn't fulfil the requirements; but that is just where were fooled. White was next threatened that unless he let them "come in" on the deal they would use their influence with organ and Carlisle and have the bids of simself and wife thrown out.

"White got a little scared, and, borrowing om a friend sufficient money to pay his fare and expenses to Washington, he sent a telegram to his wife that he had gone to ansult with the Treasurer of the United tates, and silently he slipped out of the city, and the next morning he presented himself at the Treasury Department bright and early. He sent his card to Secretary Carlisle, had an interview, and came away that had been established between himself with the subtreasurer for his bonds, having Secured \$1,000,000 in gold of the Hancock
National Bank at a quarter of 1 per cent.
The bank, by the way, was a big bidder for
bonds, and got left in the distribution, having over \$5,000,000 in gold on hand.

was born in Galveston, Tex., and at thirteen began to shift for himself. He has never gone hungry, and though he has seen Mayor of an American town, receives \$5,000 the ups and downs of life from a cowboy to a financial speculator, has made his pile and dropped it, has been shot at and has ried to know which way to turn now that he has made a ten-strike. He is on the road to success, and he does not propose to have his head turned. When he was making out one bid for \$200,000 he said jokingly to a young acquaintance, who is a mere boy, that he would take him in on it if it went, and as a consequence that lad is \$6,000 in pocket to-day. White has sold \$200,000 of his bonds for 117, but he holds on to the rest with a 125 grip. Mrs. White thinks she will realize \$30,000 by her deal on a postage stamp, and she proposes to complete her musical education, and her husband is anxious that she should, as he says she has

Heavy withdrawals of gold from the subtreasury at New York for use in fu-ture payments for bonds under the recent issue, continue to be reported almost daily and, so far as can be learned, there is no prospect of even a temporary cessation un-til the last installment shall have been paid. The withdrawals to-day aggregate \$1,424,600 in coin and \$31,600 in bars, which eaves the true amount of the gold re-

Awarded Highest Honors-World's Fair,



A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free m Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant, 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

serve \$86,203,499. The gold deposits on bond account so far as officially reported up to the close of business to-day was \$71,430,649. PACIFIC ROADS INQUIRY.

By Morgan and Frye.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17. - The Credit Mobilier scandal figured in the hearing of the Pacific railroad reorganization question before the Senate committee on Pacific railroads to-day and brought out incidental reference to the possibility of such a scandal in connection with the Nicaragua canal. Mr. F. B. Thurber, chairman of the National Board of Trade committee on railroad transportation, was before the committee, and Senator Morgan was questioning him about the relative probabilities of corruption in the scheme under government control and under the management of private individuals. Reference had been made to the Credit Mobilier by Senator Morgan, whose evident purpose was to draw from Mr. Thurber an expression of opinion that the Credit Mobilier scandal could never have occurred if the entire directorship of the roads had been composed of men appointed by the government, when Senator Frye interrupted to say that the Pacific roads would never have been built if there had been no Credit Mobilier. "No more," he added, "than can the Nicaragua canal be built, without the co-

"Much as I am interested in the Nicaragua canal," replied Mr. Morgan, "I should aban-don its advocacy if I believed it to be true that it would be built under circumstances likely to develop such a condition of affairs as grew out of the building of the Pacific roads." He added that in the bill which he had reported at the last session of Concress it had been provided that the United States, Nicaragua and Costa Rica should a large majority of the directors. This, he thought, would prevent any Credit Mobilier scandal. In that connection, Mr. Morgan said he had proposed to find a way preventing the recurrence of any such isgraceful state of affairs in connection with the Pacific roads, but when Senator Gear, chairman of the committee, asked him how he proposed to accomplish that desirable result Mr. Morgan replied that enlighten the committee in an

operation of some company under the plan

Mr. F. B. Thurber read a prepared statement in opposition to government ownership of the Pacific roads. The report on which it was based had, he said, been submitted to that he (Terrell) be permitted to try him, and this cablegram indicates that he has not questioned. He declared he had had no succeeded in his purpose of removing the turned the conference opened. Julian and interest in any of the contracts for building the Central Pacific, but he was interested somewhat in the contract and finance company, as were his three railroad associates-Charles Crocker, Mark Hopkins and Leland Stanford. He could not say what the Cenof questioning Mr. Huntington admitted that New York, to be third assistant Secretary the contract and finance company had received all the stock and bonds of the comvalue were worth \$116,000,000 on their face, and he thought the cost of the road was about \$80,000,000 or \$90,000,000. The assets not, however, have paid the company's debts. Mr. Huntington said he lought the bonds of the contract company nad been destroyed as waste paper. At the conclusion of the hearing Senator Brice expressed dissatisfaction at the wide range the investigation was taking, but Senator Morgan said that his purpose was to ascertain whether Congress should legis-Lite so as to provide for the sale of the roads or for proceeding through the courts by means of a foreclosure. The hearing will be continued to-morrow.

INSURANCE RESTRICTIONS.

Correspondence with the German Government on the Subject. WASHINGTON, Feb. 17 .- The President to-day sent to the House, in answer to a resolution of inquiry, all of the correspondence had with the government of Germany relative to the restrictions placed upon American insurance companies in Prussia. It is shown by the correspondence submitted that on April 27, 1895, the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York was notified to conform to certain stipulated Prussian methods within a fortnight on pain of the cancellation of its concession. Immediately on hearing of this acting Secretary Uhl sent a cable message to Embassador Runyon stating, on representapany's methods in Germany had been unhanged since the concession was given, and that it was impossible to frame a special system for use in Prussia. In a letter to Mr. Brown, Mr. Uhl says: ever clear may be the right of each state to determine conditions on which it will permit foreign corporations to carry on ousiness within its jurisdiction, there pre vails in such matters a comity which it is which is well illustrated in the freedom and equality with which foreign corporations to the United States. There is ground for the belief that the necessary result and they smilingly return the editor's an- of the course lately adopted by the Prus sian authorities in respect to the Mutual Life Insurance Company would be to give to the beneficent principle of comity a re stricted and uncertain operation. A long correspondence followed the with-

Foreign Affairs to new experts on his ac-SITUATION IN SAMOA.

drawal of the concession by the Prussian

government. The last important communi

Runyon to Secretary Olney under date of

Jan. 5. It shows that the imperial secre-

tary had informed Mr. Runyon that the

matter of the reconsideration of the with-

drawal of the concession would be con-

sidered, and that the subject would be re-

ferred by the new Prussian Minister for

Mr. Mulligan Points Out the Weakness of Existing Arrangements.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17 .- Mr. James H. Mulligan, consul-general at Samoa, who is in the city, was interviewed to-day on the with an autograph photograph of the Secre-tary as evidence of the amicable relations said: "It is an unworkable contribute." and the Treasury Department. Next day he was back in Boston, and made his payment United States ought never to have become a party to it and ought to withdraw from it at as early a day as practicable. The Germans are the only people who benefit by it. The natives get nothing. They are almost in revolt now. Out of total receipts amount-"White is only thirty-two, a rugged sort of a chap, of bright appearance, about medium height, with hair of auburn hue, and a beardless but very strong face. He of the peace with us, receives \$6,000 in gold, Mayor of an American town, receives \$5,000 a year in gold.

\$150 a month, and that not promptly at all, shot at others, he is not in the least wor- while the King in exile, Mataafa, is also subsidized. Those two items strike one as very strange when found on the books of a came home by special train. There were republic. We pay a third of the expense, you know. Our original design was to establish a coaling station at Pago Pago, where there is a magnificent harbor. We had an option on that by treaty for ten years, but it was allowed to lapse some years ago. A nation with a navy needs coaling stations, and one at Pago Pago would be of great value. We simply drifted into the present Samoan arrangement.

IN MRS. M'KEE'S HONOR. Luncheon by Mrs. Cleveland in the

State Dining Room. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Feb. 17 .- Mrs. Cleveland's nucheon to-day in honor of Mrs. Robert McKee was a most elegant entertainment. in which thirty guests took part. The room and the decorations were in green and white, with an effective massing of feathery ferns down the center of the artistically spread board. At the place for each guest ay an odorous bouquet of parma violets. an agreeable finishing touch to the general effect. The guests were Mrs. Robert McKee, Lady Pauncefote, Mrs. Olney, Mrs. Carlisle, Mrs. Harmon, Mrs. Hoke Smith, Mrs. Wilson. Miss Herbert, Miss Morton, Madam Romero, Mrs. Harlan, Mrs. Brown, Mrs. Sherman, Mrs. Hawley, Mrs. McMillan, Mrs. Hitt, Mrs. Nelson Miles, Mrs. Rrice, Mrs. Elkins, Mrs. Waiker, wife of Admiral Walker; Mrs. John W. Foster, Mrs. Henderson, Mrs. Bancroft Davis, Mrs. Sunderland, Mrs. Calderon Carlisle, Mrs. Richard Tangangan Calderon Carlisle, Mrs. Richard Townsend. Miss Stevenson, Mrs. Daniel Manning and Miss Florence Bryant, of New York,

The Proposed Labor Commission. WASHINGTON, Feb. 17 .- The Phillips bill for the appointment of a nonpartisan commission to gather information and to consider and recommend legislation to meet the problem presented by labor, agriculture and capital, has been reported to the House. Accompanying the bill is a long report which Accompanying the bill is a long report which says, among other things, that the commission is designed also to benefit the business men. The disturbed condition of affairs has entailed great loss on the business community. The loss of \$24,000,000 in

six years to the employers of labor, as shown in tables presented by the report, is, it says, but a fractional part of that sustained by transporters, merchants and others engaged in business pursuits. Business men have and will continue to suffer great depressions in value and increasing losses until a better adjustment is made. Business The Credit Mobilier Scandal Recalled men need and business interests require the report concludes, a just and more sat-isfactory settlement of differences with those with whom they deal and on whose labor and products successful business must depend. The better labor is protected in all its rights the better will be the security for

Cattle Dealers Visit Morton. WASHINGTON, Feb. 17 .- The executive committee of the National Live Stock Exchange, whose members were before a subcommittee of the ways and means committee to-day, called at the Agricultural Department during the afternoon and had a consultation with Secretary Morton on various matters of interest to the cattle in dustry. The company pointed out the lack of uniformity existing at different places in the rules for the inspection of live stock and suggested various changes that were desirable and wanted by the live stock men. Secretary Morton expressed his satisfaction at meeting personally the repre-sentatives of the industry and assured them of his wish to co-operate in securing the reform asked for. The committee is also anxious to have a settlement of the differences existing between the govern-ment authorities and the State of Texas concerning the establishment and main-tenance of the national quaractine line so that there may be a harmonious understanding by which Texas cattle not suffer-ing from fever can be promptly shipped into the States north of the line.

Case of Missionary Knapp. WASHINGTON, Feb. 17 .- The State Department has received a report by cable from United States Minister Terrell, at Constantinople, in reference to the case of the American missionary Knapp, who was arrested at Bitlis by the Turkish authorities on a charge of inciting rebellion, on the evidence of certain Armenians who are now in prison. Mr. Terrell cables Secretary Olney that he has secured a suspension of the proceedings against the missionary and a safe conduct for him whenever the mountains can be crossed to Constantinople, where the minister himself will examine into the case. Mr. Knapp will bring with him three women and five children. When news of Knapp's arrest came to Mr. Terrell case from the Turkish officials.

Olney Given a New Assistant. WASHINGTON, Feb. 17,-The President has sent the following nominations to the paid. Senate: William Woodward Baldwin, of of State: Peter Victor Deuster, of Wisconto be consul of the United States at Mr. Baldwin was born in Baltimore abou thirty-two years ago. He was graduated from Harvard College in 1886 and afterward attended the law school of the University o Maryland, from which he was graduated in 1889. He then went to New York city and be-

poration lawyer, a Cleveland Democrat and has never before held public office. Little Sugar Made in Cuba.

gan practicing law, his present firm being Baldwin & Boston. Mr. Baldwin is a cor-

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17 .- Consul-general of State tables prepared by a competent at Havana of this year's crop, against 145,-337 tons received at the same date last year. United States Consul Hyatt, at Santiago, reports under date of Feb. 1 that the planters in that part of Cuba are now grinding the unburned portions of their cane. The work is much retarded because the hands cannot be induced to work at night, fearing attack by the insurgents. If sugarmaking proceeds undisturbed the Consul predicts a half crop in his district.

Severely Treated by British. WASHINGTON, Feb. 17 .- The President and other citizens of Oregon for lands on Fiji islands taken by the British authorities. The report shows that the claimants were rather severely treated by the British com mission which adjusted the titles to lands on the islands in the application of very technical rules. Incidentally, the Secretary of State calls attention to the fact that he is prevented from submitting aif the documents called for by the Senate by reason

of their great bulk. Democrat Buck Not Ousted.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17 .- Committee on elections No. 2 to-day decided the case, of Coleman vs. Buck from the Second Louisiana district in favor of the sitting member. Buck, who is a Democrat. This action was

General Notes. WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.-General Felix Agnus, editor of the Baltimore American read before the Army and Navy Club this eral Agnus was one of Major General Banks's famous "forlorn hope" before Port Hudson. General Agnus's story has been dramatized and is now in rehearsal for the legitimate stage. The vacancy in the executive committee

by the declination of Bishop Kean, of the Catholic University, has just been filled by the election of Archbishop Ireland, of St. Senator Allen to-day introduced a resolution requesting the Secretary of the Interior to suspend the issue of patents for lands granted to the government-aided roads until

of the American Antisaloon League caused

the accounts between these roads and the the papers in the claim of Thomas W. said: "It is an unworkable contrivance. I Sparrow, N. B. Nolan and others against the government of Peru. They were mem-

bers of a hydrographic commission in Peru several years ago. A delegation representing the tea trade of the United States appeared before a subcommittee of the committee on ways and means to-day to advocate the imposition of a duty on tea.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Susan Mauley, Wife of the Well-Known Maine Politician.

AUGUSTA, Me., Feb. 17.-Mrs. Susan Manley, wife of Hon. Joseph H. Manley, of this city, died to-day of pneumonia. Mrs. Manley had been ill for two weeks and on Friday afternoon her sickness took a serious turn, developing into pneumonia. Mr. Manley was sent for from Washington and with Mrs. Manley when she died her husband, her children and other immediate rel-

Susan Cony Manley was born in Oldtown, Me., March 5, 1839. She was the daughter of Samuel Cony, Governor of Maine from 1864 to 1867, and Mercy H. Sewall Cony. Mr. and Mrs. Manley were married in October, 1866. Four children were born to them, Samuel Cony Manley and Mrs. Chas. E. Mellen, of New York; Harriet and Sidney Manley, of Augusta.

Other Deaths.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Feb. 17 .- E. Porter, fifty-six years old, managing editor of Union, died yesterday of pneum complicated with organic heart and kidney trouble, after a two week's illness. Mr Dyer was born in Stowe, Mass. He was a son of Rev. E. H. Dyer, a well-known Congregational minister in the eastern part of the State, who was descended from an old Puritan family.

WOONSOCKET, R. I., Feb. 17 .- John F Holt died at his home in this city to-day, aged seventy-two years. He had been prominently connected with rubber interests for many years. He was well known here through his large and frequent gifts for

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 17 .- Joseph Jones, surgeon-general of the United Confederate Veterans, ex-president of the Board of Health, and one of the leading physicians in the South, died to-night, aged sixty-three.

The Newfoundland Question. MONTREAL, Feb. 17.—The report comes from St. Johns, N. F., and is said to be based on semi-official information that negotiations are progressing between England and France which will for all time settle the Newfoundland-French shore question. The basis of the settlement is said to be the ceding to France of England's interests in the State of Eunis, Africa, in exchange for the French claim in New-

The people believe what they read about

ANOTHER AGREEMENT BETWEEN BACKERS OF FITZ AND MAHER.

Connelly Has Posted \$1,000 Additional Forfeit and Says His Man Will Be Ready on the Day Named.

FITSZIMMONS IN A

CHOICE LOT OF WORDS EXPLODED BY THE LANKY AUSTRALIAN.

Maher's Eyes Still Badly Inflamed-Corbett Anxious to Re-Enter the Ring in a Foreign Land.

EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 17.-The fight was on and off and on again all within the space of thirty minutes this afternoon. It is now definitely set for Friday and Buck Connelly has agreed to post for Maher \$1,000 additional forfeit if his man is not in the ring to fight on that day, Julian made every possible concession and finally turned the whole matter over to a committee of five, all of whom are to be named by Connelly. If this committee decides that he was not entitled to the forfeit he would agree to wait until Friday and have the fight then. The committee decided against him and Julian gave in accord-

The conference was originally set for 10 o'clock. Stuart was the only one present at that time. After waiting a few minutes he went away and did not show up again until 1 o'clock. Meantime Julian and Connelly came, but made no headway in the Fitzsimmons demanded the \$1,000 forfeit and announced that no further negotiations would be considered till that was

"I will pay no forfeit. I will take my man and go to the ring to keep you out the practical operation of the Gray-Percy of the forfeit," said Connelly, ignoring the law and concludes with recommendations fact that Maher was at Las Crues, forty miles away, with no chance of getting to El Paso before to-morrow morning. "All right," said Julian, "get him and

"The rings are ready," said Stuart, "any ime you gentlemen are ready. "Will Maher fight if he gets to the ringside?" asked Julian. "No, he won't," replied Connelly. "He is in no shape to fight and I will not take the chances of losing all the money my friends have bet on him. "You're not on the level; that's what's the matter with you," shouted Fitzsimmons "You know we are entitled to that money

and you are trying to beat us out of it." "Why did not you pay your forfeit money to Corbett?" asked Connelly. "Pay money to Corbett? That bloody he had no right to it. If he had, he'd have reached for it pretty quick, I can tell you. pose I do agree to wait until Friday, how do I know I will get the \$1,000 if Maher

"What good is that to me?" said Fitz-simmons. "I was guaranteed \$4,000 when I licked Jim Hall, but I never got it. You don't want to fight and you never did want to. Your man is not ready to fight, and he is afraid to fight. He is out of condition because he is afraid to fight. You are a whole pack of bloody curs. "I'm no more of a cur than you are, Fitzsimmons," said Connelly, rising from his seat. "You're bloody cur and I'll bet

\$1,000 that Julian can lick you in

"You are no good; its all off!" Fitzsimmons, turning to the crowd. fellows are not on the level, and I will have nothing to do with them. I won't fight unless I get the forfett that belongs to me. It's all off, I tell you," and, wild with rage, Fitzsimmons broke from the room and went into the street. if Julian would fight under any circumstances. Julian said it was a matter would discuss after the question of forfeit had been settled. He was justly entitled to the forfeit, but that there might be no question of his sincerity, he would leave the matter to any ten or five men Connelly himself might name. Connelly said, "let Stuart name them." Julian acquiesced and Stuart named George Siler, Louis Houseman, of Chicago; William W. Naughton, of San Francisco; Tom O'Rourke, New York, and Hugh Filtzgerald of Houston Tex. Some one suggested that Dan Stuart act as chairman of the committee, and Julian again agreed. He lighted a cigarette and tilted back in his chair as the committee repaired to the rear room. Some one went for Fitzsimmons, who

soon crowded his way in. He was still angry and profane. "I won't fight," he said, "they are a lot of welshers. I've Then he strode out, closing the partition door with a bang. As he got outside he turned and shouted to Connelly: "You're not on the level. Your bloomin' is afraid to fight. I'll fight anybody-that other big duffer, Jim Corbett, or any one, bare knuckles or gloves. But this thing is off. Its not square.' cision. It was that the articles of Dec. 5 were void last Friday. Under the circumstances and the understanding at that time, the forfeit money need not be paid. Julian asked. Connelly

he would. Connelly said he would turn the \$1,000 in the hands of the stakeholder over to Stuart and put up another \$1,000 this afternoon guaranteeng their appearance to Stuart. It is by no means certain that Maher will be able to fight on Friday, although he says he will get into the ring no matter what the condition of his eyes may be. They are still badly inflamed. Barry, Walcott, Dixon and Leeds left to-night for home.

FIGHT WON'T COME OFF.

Corbett's View of the Situation at El Paso-Will Enter the Ring Again. CHICAGO, Feb. 17 .- James J. Corbett, when shown the dispatches from El Paso saying that Connolly had posted a forfeit for Maher's appearance in the ring next Firday, said: "The fight won't come off, at least on Mexican soil. I'll tell you why. When I was stopping at Hot Springs last summer, training for my approaching contest with Fitzsimmons, President Diaz, of Mexico, stated in an interview that he would not allow the fight to take place on Mexican soil under any consideration. Look at the dignity he would lose. The better class of Mexicans are bitterly opposed to prize fighting, and he could not consistently allow it, even if he so desired, which it is very evident he does not, and don't you be-lieve that Diaz cannot prevent the fight if he wants to. If they pull that fight off it will be by some means that I can't see. As sure as you're born, if they pull that fight off, every last one of them will go to jail. I learned my little lesson at Hot Springs. I never thought from the first that the fight would come off. Why, if I had, I would I'm not going to chase around the country testing the law any more."

When asked what he thought was Fitzmmons's motive in insisting on Maher's Green B. Ferris's colt, Imp. Star Ruby, backers posting a forfeit for his appearance in the ring next Friday, Corbett said: "What is \$1,000 to him? There is nothing "What is \$1,000 to him? There is nothing in Fitzsimmons claiming the forfeit now; why don't he wait? Look at what he would win if he whipped Maher. However, if the fight is pulled off successfully, I will fight the winner. If they don't fight, Fitzsimmons is the man I'll go for. I know we can't the winners to-day. The Australian startfight in America. My contracts expire May 1, and if in the meantime I am not matched, am going to Australia or England next May and will try to get some of the prom-inent sporting clubs to offer a purse for a contest between myself and either Fitzimmons and Jackson,

Five Acres of No Man's Land. MIDDLESBORO, Ky., Feb. 17 .- Dan Stuart has been telegraphed to from Cumberland Gap to have his match there. There are said to be five acres of neutral ground near there over which neither Kentucky. Tennessee nor Virginia has jurisdiction, where the fight could take place unmolested.

President Dinz's Orders. CITY OF MEXICO, Feb. 17.-The federal authorities have given orders to arrest

vent it. Governor Ahumada is charged with carrying out this order. President Diaz is firm.

LONG OVERDUE.

Arrival of the Steamship Aswanly After a Voyage of 33 Days. PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 17.-The British steamer, Aswanly, sugar laden, Hamburg for Philadelphia, reached here to-day after a voyage of thirty-three days. The vessel had a most tempestuous voyage and the men had many narrow escapes from being washed overboard. The Aswanly left Hamburg Jan. 14 and on the following day, while in the North sea, off Whitby, succeeded in rescuing the crew of the schooner Ave Marie, bound from Grimsby for Leith. The vessel was waterlogged with her crew of four men clinging to the rig-

The St. Paul Not Damaged. NEW YORK, Feb. 17.-The International Navigation Company has received word from Newport News that the examination of the hull and engines of the steamer St. Paul has been completed and that there is practically no damage to the hull of the ship. Portions of the machinery will be taken apart to clear away the accumulated sand and the parts worn by working in the sand will be removed. The ship will sail from New York Feb. 26, unless detained in dry dock by lack of water to float her.

Movements of Steamers. NEW YORK, Feb. 17 .- Arrived: Norman-

die, from Havre. HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 17.-The Anchor line steamer Scotia put in here this morning short of coal. The steamer Scotia, Captain Hamilton, sailed from Naples on Jan. 24, for New York, and passed Gibraltar on the 26th. Up to this morning she had not been sighted, and her arrival at Halifar reliance the arrival arrival arrival at Halifar reliance the arrival arrival arrival arrival. fax relieves the anxiety existing regarding

THE LAW WORKS WELL

NEW YORK STATE RACING REGULA-TIONS ACCEPTABLE TO HORSEMEN.

Report of the State Commission of the Operation of the Act-Several Changes Recommended.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 17 .- The State Racing Commission, composed of August Belmont, Edwin D. Morgan and John Sanford, presented to the Legislature to-night its first annual report. It treats in detail of for its perfection. Two of these recommend-Legislature. The first proposes an amendment of the law, so that it may be possible for the several racing associations to discriminate in the prices of admission they may charge to certain portions of their grounds where certain privileges may be enjoyed, providing that these privileges are not contrary to law and do not contemplate bookmaking or pool selling. The second amendment is designed to make impossible any such attempt to violate the law as that which was designed by De Lacey and others in the Maspeth bogus fair of last fall. In accordance with a strong letter addressed them by the Coney Island Jockey Club, the Brooklyn Jockey Club and the Westchester Racing Association, the commission recommends that the Legislature should lighten the burdens imposed by

The report says: "The commission is convinced that the experiment of racing under the new conditions provided by the Gray-Percy law is a decided success. The safeguards thrown about racing by these pro visions have been found to work as well in been of the highest order and many perhave returned to or have for the first time racing associations have been very disappointing. In nearly every instance a finan-

cial loss has been sustained." The report continues: "Eight hundred and forty-seven races were run last year in the State; the winners were paid \$792,453; about 80 per cent, of these premiums was won either by horses owned in this State or at per cent. won by outsiders, it is estimated, remained here for expenses of men the earnings of racing associations, the ef- to-day by the clever ball tosser signing a ly by the Legislature. To impose too great a burden upon the associations would be to | training. destroy racing. Without these associations, maintained by intelligence and large capital, the breeding of thoroughbred horses for profit or even for pleasure is in danger of extinction. While the large stakes were not in many instances reduced during the past year, the "over-night purses" made much less than before and a general reduction has been made for the coming Unless the associayear in all States. than in the past year, it is certain that the stakes will be further reduced with the possibility that ultimately some of the associations may be forced to close their gates. In 1892 there were sold in the public market 1,545 thoroughbred "Will your man be ready to fight Fri- yearlings. These realized the sum of \$809,-The average price realized by the breeders in 1894 was \$534.51; in 1895 it was \$311.52. In other words, there was a decrease of nearly 42 per cent in the value of yearlings and this depreciation in values fell entirely upon the breeding industry. Nor do the figures quoted fully express

the situation. In many instances there were no bids for yearlings offered and these the breeder was compelled to retain.

Many frequenters of the race track, it seems, having in view the benefit of the associations, have expressed themselves as willing to pay special entrance fees to cerfrained from having such inclosure or ac-cepting such special entrance fees. The commission, in order to avoid the repetition of the performance attempted at Maspeth last year, recommended an amendment to the act to the effect that the grounds of no fair organization should be used for more than a five days' meeting. The report the states its work for the suppression of pool rooms, recites the story of the collusive proceedings in the Dudley and Judson cases, and concludes by saying: "If, then, the Legislature will so amend the Gray-Percy bill in the particulars suggested, it is the view of the commission that the permanency of racing is re-established and its consequent incalculable benefit to the industry of horse breeding-not on its old lines or with its former profits-but re-established as a great sport, affording a safe investment for large sums of money, employment of thousands of worthy persons, and what should not be lost sight of, an innocent diversion to our citizens.

Starting Machine Is a Success. SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 17.-Three events have been fighting instead of Maher, but the best horses at the track faced the flag. The weather was perfect and the attendance was far above the Monday average. added another race to his long string of victories by winning the mile and oneand in no instance were the horses at the post more than a minute. Sam Doggett, the crack jockey, left for the East last night, owing to pressing business matters which require his personal attention. Dog-gett will probably ride for the Fleischman stable this season. He is very favorably impressed with racing on the coast and will return early next winter. Ed Purser has purchased the great racing mare Applause from Pittsburg Phil. Terms private.

Verdlet Against a Roby Gang. CHICAGO, Feb. 17. - In Judge Burke's court this morning a verdict was rendered against the Indiana Racing Association. John Condon, J. H. Hildreth and James A. Webb, for \$23,651, the amount of a note everybody connected with the fight if it given by the association to the late Herman comes off, and to exert every effort to pre- Schaffer and indorsed by Condon. Hildreth

WHEN WHISKEY IS USED AS A MEDICINE

> It is of special importance to the patient (and to the physician) that the article used should be A-B-S-O-L-U-T-E-L-Y P-U-R-E, otherwise the full right that the patient has to LIVE is trifled with.

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The Town! Klaw & Erlanger's enormous-PALMER COX'S BROWNIES Just as it ran for 150 nights in New York! PRICES-Orchestra, \$1: orchestra circle, \$1.50; dress circle and balcony (reserved), 75c; balcony (admission), 50c; gallery, 25c. Matinee same as night.

This Theatre does not advertise. THE INDIANAPOLIS NEWS. & PARK-Prices-10e, 20c, 30c Matinees Daily.

This Afternoon and To-Night. "Little Miss Nugget."

Herbert Cawthorne, Chas. A. Loder, Leola Mitchell and a great cast. Monday, J. J. Burke in The Doctor. Everybody goes to the Park. Seats at the Pembroke. Alhis Theatre does not advertise.

THE INDIANAPOLIS NEWS. tion of the note by the bank which received

it from Schaffer, on the ground that it was banker having, they claimed, advanced the money represented by the note to maintain a foreign book.

Stonenell Killed. LONDON, Feb. 17 .- While' exercising or the race course at Lewes, Stonenell, the sixof Nell, formerly the property of Mr. Michael F. Dwyer, and which was claimed by May 15 last in the Newmarket selling plate for the seiling price of £400, plus the stakes, or £500 in all, was badly frightened at a pack of foxhounds and fell and broke his leg. The horse was almost immediately afterward killed.

New Western League Umpire. CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 17,-President Ban Johnson, of the Western League, announces to-night that James E. McDonald, umpire on the National League staff last year, has signed a contract to umpire in the Western

Hugh Duffy Will Be Captain. BOSTON, Feb. 17 .- Hugh Duffy will captain of the Boston baseball club for the season of 1896. This deal was consummated contract to that effect. Duffy is wanted as roach for the University of Virginia nine from March 12 until the Bostons go into

Seven Wheelmen Injured. SAN DIEGO, Cal., Feb. 17 .- At the Corado track the tire of a sextuple exploded juries. The accident occurred during the record in the mile and the half mile, flying start. Wells was paced by the sextuplet, with Stone, Terrill, Washburne, Schmidt, Vaughn and Swanbrough up. When near the three-quarter pole and going at a 1:41 gait, a report was heard and all went down in a terrible jumble. Swanbrough was the only one, however, seriously hurt, his left ankle bone being broken. The others were bruised about the limbs and body except Wells, who escaped with scarcely a b

REED AND THE SENATE. He Does Not Like It Because It Would

Not Pass His Measures. Washington Letter in Philadelphia Record. Speaker Reed is more than ever in favor of abolishing the Senate. It is not strange that he would like to "mend 'em, or end 'em," as our English friends say of the House of Lords, after the way in which the Senate has treated his financial and revenue legislation. Having solved the problem of tain parts of the ground where there would be special privileges, such as the paddock, reserved seats, etc., but the associations, at the request of the commission, have redential candidate, Speaker Reed naturally looked to his party associates at the other end of the Capitol, if not the rest of the Senate, to supplement his work.

He sent them in remarkably quick time, after receiving the President's appeal for after receiving the President's appeal for aid, two emergency measures, the very virtue of which depended on the promptness with which they were sent to the President. It was admitted that they were faulty, and that if time permitted and they were to be permanent laws on the statute book they could be improved. They did not suit anybody precisely. But as temporary and ameliated measures they were good enough to

orative measures they were good enough to And, besides, there was lots of politics in them-Republican politics, of course-and it would be very much to the advantage of the Republican party to hurry them through the senate, and up to the White House. Congress-Mr. Reed's Congress, as it is ponularly known-would then have answered the President's appeal cleverly and plausibly, and in such a way as to put him in a

Incidentally, of course, Mr. Reed, as the proprietor of Congress, would get much glory out of the performance. This incidental fact seems to have become more prominent than anything else in the minds

The Talk | EMPIRE THEATER To-night at 8-15c, 25c, 50c. Sherman & Morrisey's

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PLYMOUTH CHURCH. The Indiana University Glee Club WILL GIVE ONE ENTERTAINMENT AT PLYMOUTH CHURCH, Friday Evening, Feb. 21.

There will be a special Souvenir program me arranged for this Entertainment. ADMISSION-50 cents; no

extra charge for reserved seats—now on sale at D. I Baldwin's Music Store.

The Sunday Journal, by Mail, \$2 a Year

of Republican Senators, so that those wh did not want to see Mr. Reed benefited b his own cleverness in this matter were no disposed to grieve when the Senate kills emergency bill No. 1 by smothering it to death under a free coinage substitute, no are they grieving now when it is propos to kill the other emergency measure with the slow poison of delay.

The Senate is a very independent body whenever it dares to be, and especially in its relations with the House. Even when Mr. Reed was Speaker before and not a presidential candidate, and when there was a Republican Senate, he could not get his measures through as he sent them over.
The force bill was killed altogether; the Conger silver bill was transform Sherman silver law, and the so-called Mc-Kinley tariff bill, which ought, even in the House, to have been called the Ding-ley tariff bill, since the Governor had more to do with it than McKinley, being much better fitted to deal with it, was pletely transformed by Senator Aldrich some interference from the hat smashing Blaine when it got over to th

It is one of the curiosities of politics that the McKinley bill, which is McKinley's stock in trade, was really not his bill at all, but the composite production of Governor Dingley, Senator Aldrich an Secretary Blaine, with more or less super-vision from President Harrison and Speaker Reed. McKinley was chairman of the committee on ways and means, and as such had parliamentary charge of the bill, and so he got the credit for it, or the blame, as you please.

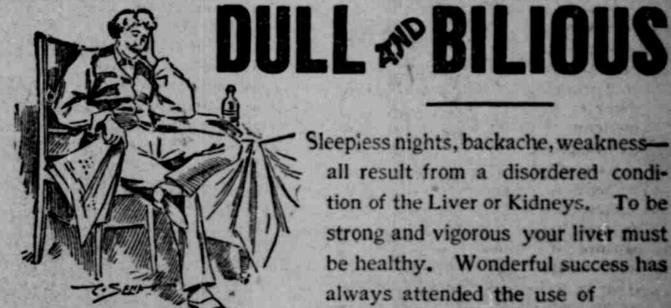
The Democratic Situation. New York Mail and Express,

Democratic politics are stagnant as never before at this stage in a presidential cam-paign. Cleveland still lets "I dere not wait upon I would." Morrison is anxious to take the nomination on any platform or any terms. Pattison is backed by his own State with its 200,000 Republican majority. Whitnev still turns a deaf ear to those who would like to have a generous campaig fund, without regard to the prospects of success. In Indiana Governor Matthews willing to run and take all chances. Be yond these there are no serious Demo ocratic cause is so hopeless that the nothing more than go through the mo-tions. Never before within the recollection of the oldest political observer has a party been so cowed as to have to be fairly whipped to stand up and fight for its ex-

The Throat. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" act directly on the gansof the voice. They have an extraordinary effect in all disorders of the throat.

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